BS"D ROSH HASHANAH 5783 | ISSUE #311

ORIGINAL HEBREW SHIURIM, TRANSCRIPTS, TRANSLATIONS ON WWW.BILVAVI.NET SUBSCRIBE: BILVAVI231@GMAIL.COM



LISTEN TO BILVAVI ON KOL HALASHON **ISRAEL** 073.295.1245 **USA** 718.521.5231 (2>4>12)

P'SHITUS ON ROSH HASHANAH

QUESTION

What are the main thoughts to think about on Rosh HaShanah and during the davening on Rosh HaSHanah?

ANSWER

....Rosh HaShanah is the beginning, and on this day, the beginning point becomes revealed. So it is upon a person to connect himself to the very first, beginning point in the soul, which is called p'shitus (simplicity), As a hint, it is better when a shofar is pashut, extended. From becoming connected to one's p'shitus, one becomes connected to Hashem in p'shitus. Thus the inner aspect of the avodah of this day is to become connected in the depths of the soul to a simple sense of Hashem, which is above all logic. One must go back and forth between his higher mode of p'shitus, his simple connection with Hashem, and then to his lower mode, thinking complex thoughts of Who created the world and for what purpose, so that we can accept His rules.

JUDGMENT ON ROSH HASHANAH

QUESTION

What is the difference between the judgment on the first day of Rosh HaShanah and the second day of Rosh HaShanah? And on which day of Rosh HaShanah is Klal Yisrael judged collectively, i.e. if the Beis HaMikdash will be rebuilt this year?

ANSWER

As is known, the first day of Rosh HaShanah is called dina kashya, "strong judgment", it is the judgment on one's spiritual situation for the coming year, it is the day of judgment for the tzaddikim. The second day of Rosh HaShanah is called dina rafya, "weak judgment", it is the judgment over one's physical situation and it is the judgment day for those who aren't tzaddikim. The first day of Rosh HaShanah is the judgment for anything collective, while the second day of Rosh HaShanah is for anything specific.

WHAT TO THINK ON ROSH HASHANAH

QUESTION

Can the Rav offer some guidance on what our main thoughts should be throughout the day and the tefillos on Rosh HaShanah? And, is it proper if one davens for personal requests on Rosh HaShanah?

ANSWER

PART 1:

- (1)"Hayom Haras Olam" Rosh HaShanah is the day when the primary creation, the human being, was created.
- (2) Who created all of this? It is the Blessed One, Whom there is none other besides.
- (3) For what did He create it all for? What is the purpose of it all? So that we become close to Hashem, and thereby reveal Hashem in His creation. This is the intention behind the concept of "Malchiyos" on Rosh

HaShanah [declaring Hashem's dominion over the entire Creation.]

- (4) The intention behind "Zichronos" on Rosh HaShanah is that one should try as much as he can to remember all of the different deeds he committed this year.
- (5) The intention behind "Shofaros" is that one should improve his deeds, by doing complete repentance. Included in this is for one to clarify his aspirations and his purpose in life, and to take upon oneself a resolution for the coming year.

PART 2:

"Rosh HaShanah" contains the word "rosh", "head", from the word "raishis", the beginning point. On this day, a new start is revealed. It is the revelation of a beginning point. Therefore a person should connect himself to the "beginning point" of the soul, which is called peshitus, the "simple point" of the soul. As a hint, the Gemara says that the more pashut (smoother) a shofar is, the better the shofar is. From connecting to peshitus, a person becomes connected to HaKadosh Baruch Hu, amidst this peshitus-simplicity. Therefore, the inner avodah on this day is to become connected, in the depths of one's soul, to a simple sense of the Creator, which is above all reasoning and logic.

One needs to progress and regress, back and forth, between two different states [as follows]. For part of the time, one should be connected with this simplicity, by "running" towards the Creator with simplicity. For the other part of one's time, one should retreat back into his thoughts, by thinking of the fact that Rosh

HaShanah is the day when the world was created, and that there is a Creator, and that He created it for a purpose, which is for His creations to accept upon themselves His dominion. One should also remember his deeds and repent over them, and to once again accept Hashem's rule over him.

PART 3:

It is customary to recite the piyutim (*liturgies*), of which a large part describes the greatness of the Creator. When one's soul feels opened to this, one can feel a pleasure in reflecting on the Creator's greatness, verbally expressing this greatness with words of praise to the Creator. This is an additional part of the closeness to Hashem which is revealed on this day. There is a way of connecting to Hashem on this day though simplicity, as explained earlier, by thinking of the One who created the world, and there is also a way of connecting to Hashem on this day by speaking of His greatness, which is revealed through His creations. This is the implication of HaYom Haras Olam, on this day the world was created.

PART 4 [REGARDING PERSONAL REQUESTS]:

Each person should act according to his current level. If one is at the level in which he feels a need to daven for personal requests on Rosh HaShanah, than it is proper for him to do so. This, however, should only be done in addition to what was said earlier, because davening for personal requests should not become the main part of Rosh HaShanah.



Weekly dose of live "Bilvavi" Torah! with translations of hebrew based shiurim to subscribe to email list: bilvavi231@gmail.com



BILVAVI SEFARIM distributed in Israel by: SIFREI ABRAMOVITCH World Wide Delivery

03.578.2270 books2270@gmail.com · 15 Mea Shearim Street, Jerusalem 02.502.2567 · 2 Dovid Street Jerusalem 02.623.0294 ⋅ 5 Kotler Street, Bnei Brak 03.579.3829

Distributed in the USA by: SHIRAH DISTRIBUTORS

4116 16th Avenue Brooklyn, NY 11204 Tel. 718-871-8652 sales@shirahdist.com